

Supplementary Material

Fig. S1 - The tree points, distribution patterns of the *C. lanceolata* and *M. macclurei* in the mixed forest (MF) and their spatial correlations at the beginning of planting (1993). In the sub-figure of point pattern (a), the blue rings stand for population and grey dots represent *C. lanceolata* population, and the colorful background represents the intensity of individual distribution. The deeper the color, the less the abundance. In each subfigures of spatial distribution (b-d), the red dashed line is the expect value 1, and the black solid line with red dots is observed value. The grey background color is 95% Monte Carlo (MC) simulation area.

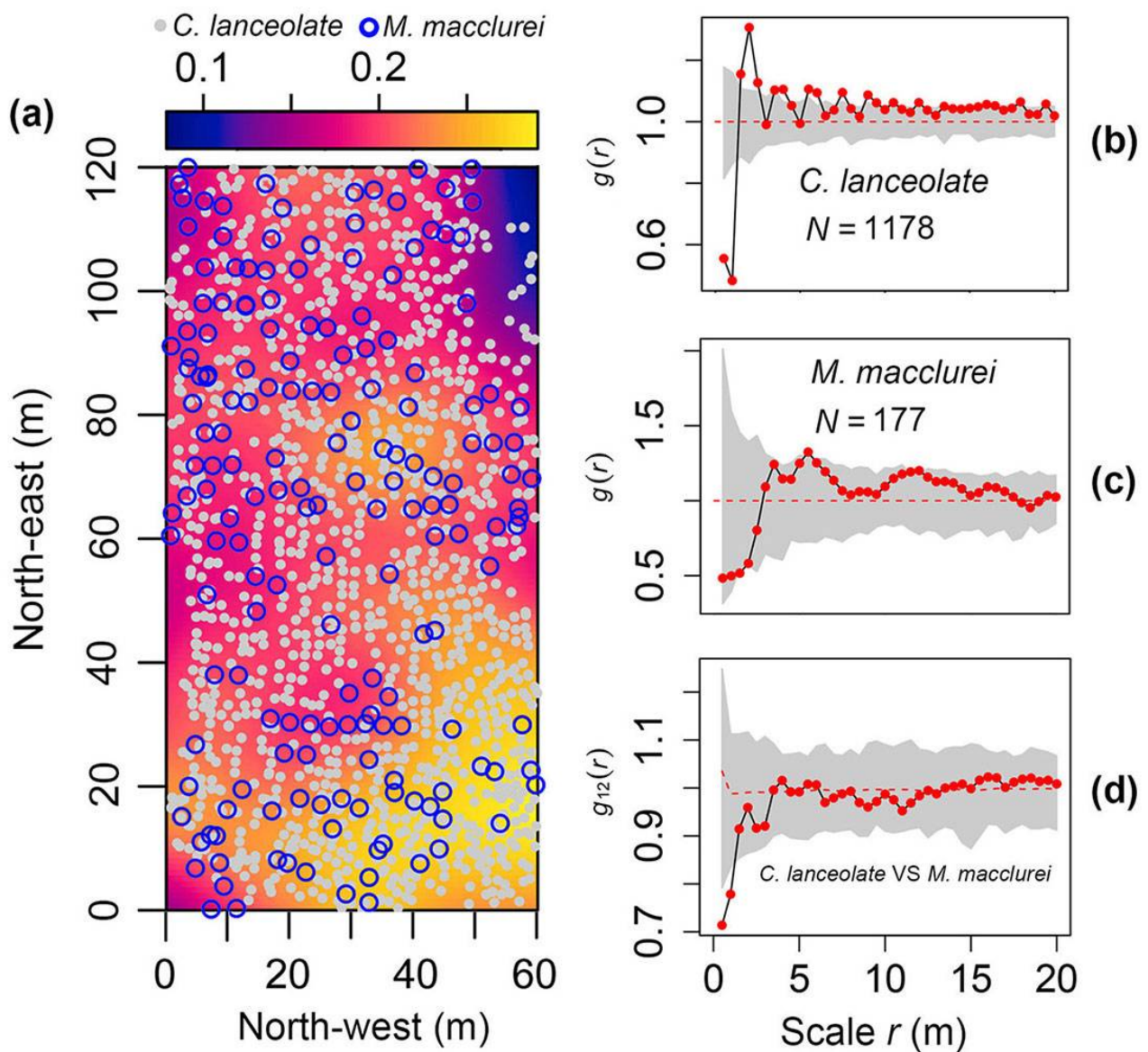


Fig. S2 - The *NND* of the *M. macclurei* in the mixed forest (MF) during the management period (1993-2018) ($k = 1, 2, 4, 6, 8, 12$).

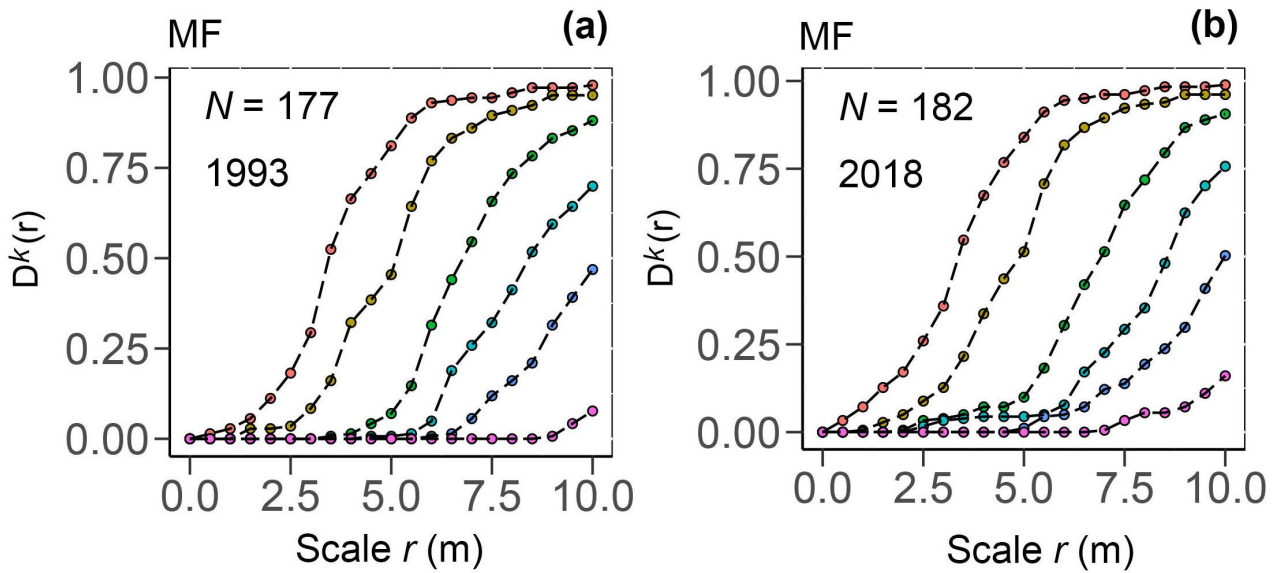


Fig. S3 - The tree points of the six main populations in the mixed forest (MF) over a rotation of 27 years.

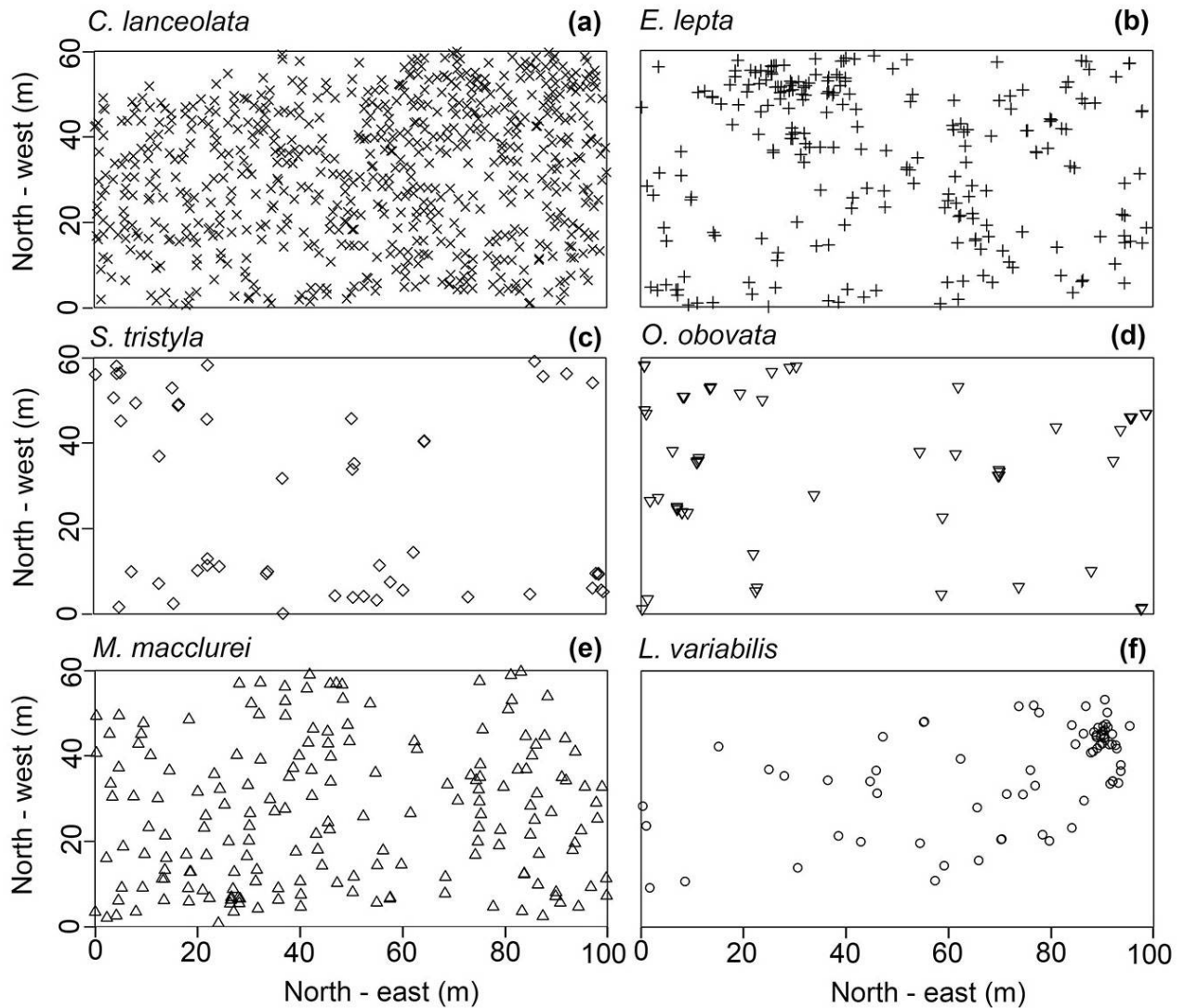


Fig. S4 - The tree points of the six main populations in the thinned forest (TF) above a rotation of 27 years.

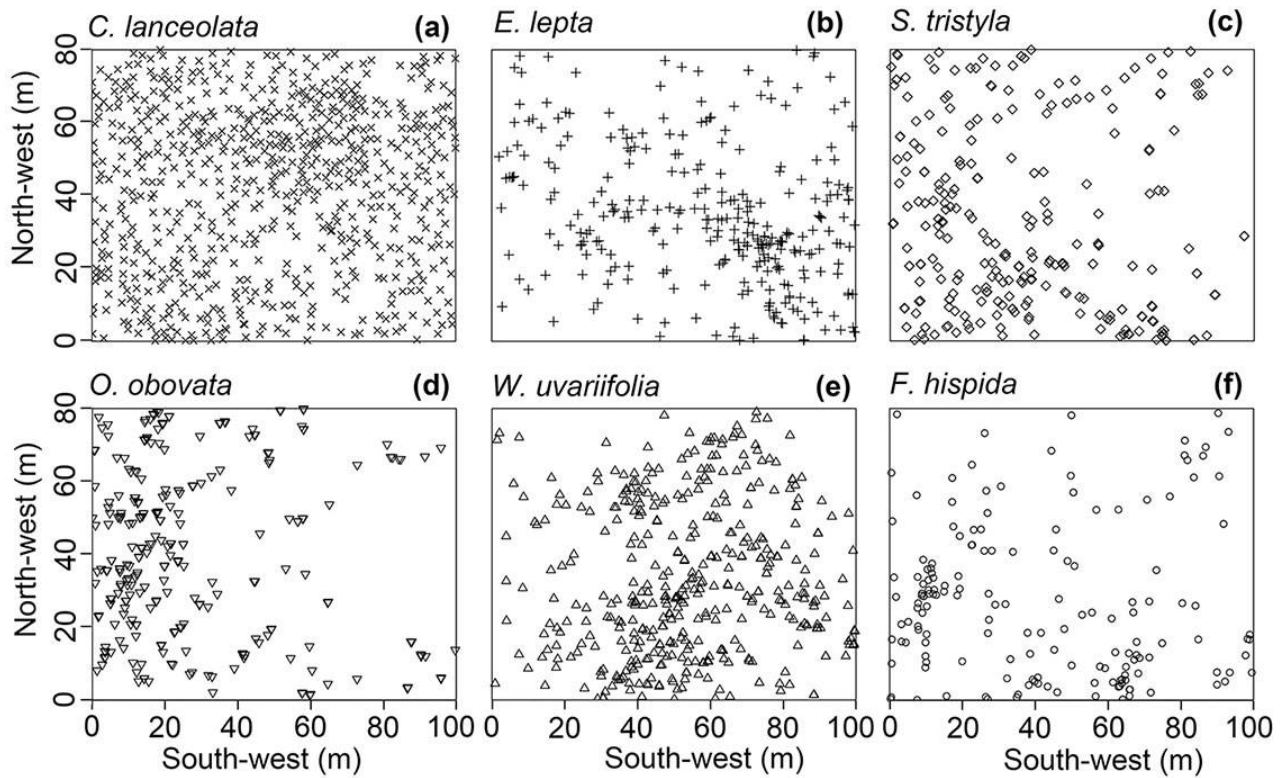
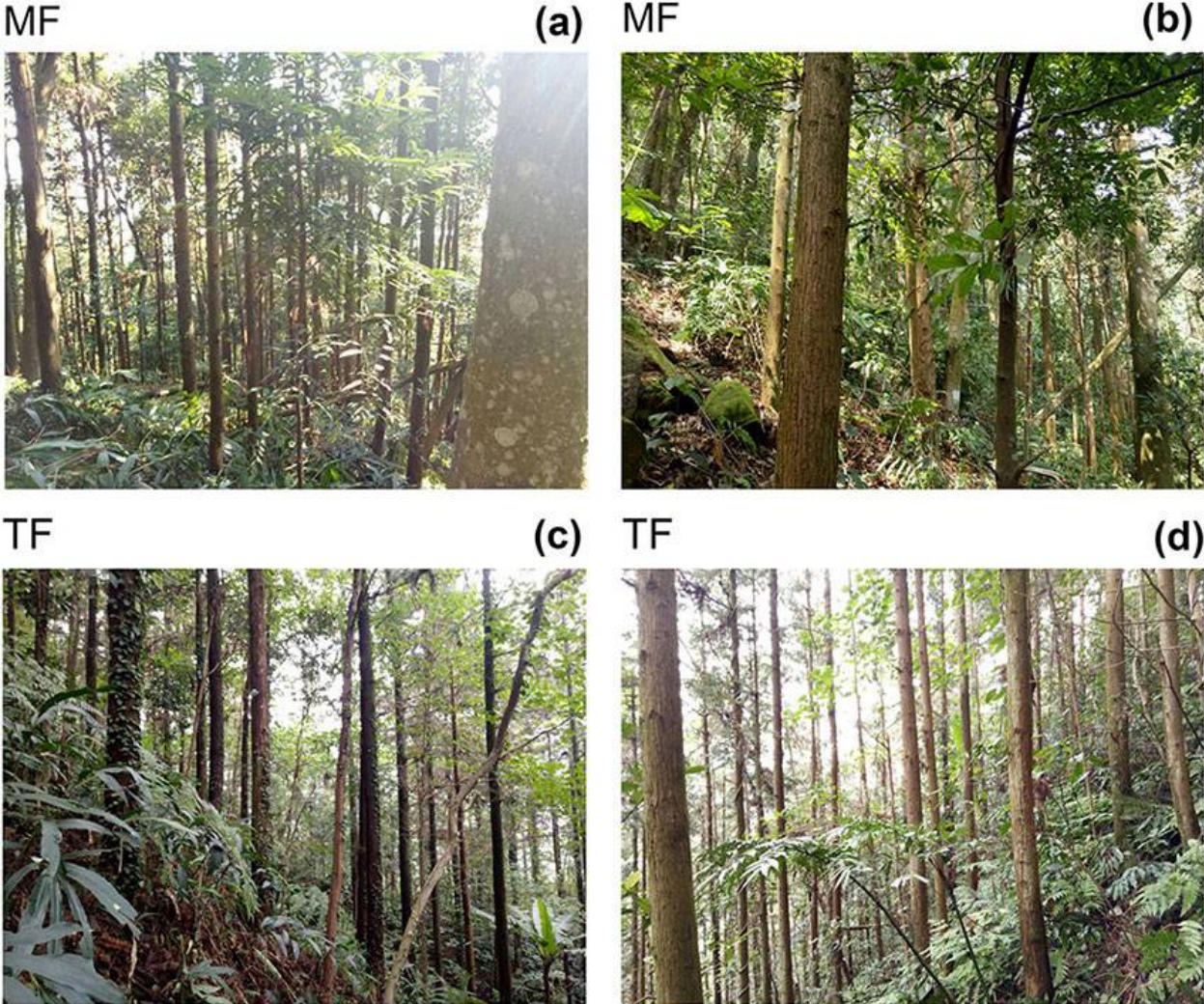


Fig. S5 -The plants in the thinned forest (TF) and mixed forest (MF).



Tab. S1 - The quantitative characteristics of the main trees species in the thinned forest (TF) and mixed forest (MF). Single tree volume (V) is computed by equation $V = g_{1.3} \diamond (h + 3) \diamond f \hat{\alpha}$, h is the height of tree, $f \hat{\alpha}$ is the experimental form factor whose value is equal to 0.4 and N is the number of individuals, and SD is standard deviation. The volume of *C. lanceolata* and *M. macclurei* was obtained by inquiring the one-way volume table, and their height was obtained by inquiring the two-way volume table whose data was collected in Gguangxi, China.

Stand	Species	Mean DBH \pm SD (cm)	h \pm (m)	Basal area (m ²)	V (m ³)	N
MF	<i>Cunninghamia lanceolata</i> (Lamb.) Hook.	16.70 \pm 4.86	17.7	15.58	124.7	655
	<i>Michelia macclurei</i> Dandy	21.27 \pm 10.35	22.0	7.990	72.87	182
	<i>Evodia leptota</i> (Spreng.) Merr.	3.20 \pm 2.02	3.53 \pm 1.61	0.255	0.850	226
	<i>Saurauia tristyla</i> DC.	2.61 \pm 1.73	2.68 \pm 1.15	0.038	0.106	50
	<i>Litsea variabilis</i> Hemsl.	3.06 \pm 2.37	3.70 \pm 1.76	0.086	0.310	73
	<i>Oreocnide obovata</i> (C. H. Wright) Merr. var. <i>mucronata</i> C. J. Chen)	1.48 \pm 0.50	2.49 \pm 0.89	0.013	0.035	54
	<i>Macropanax oreophilus</i> Miq.	2.64 \pm 1.53	3.04 \pm 1.46	0.021	0.067	30
	<i>Aphanamixis polystachya</i> (Wall.) R.N. Parker	2.78 \pm 1.84	4.02 \pm 2.46	0.042	0.690	49
	<i>Diplospora dubia</i> (Lindl.) Masam.	2.30 \pm 1.30	2.71 \pm 1.08	0.019	0.054	36
	<i>Psychotria rubra</i> (Lour.) Poilfr.	2.25 \pm 1.06	2.79 \pm 0.97	0.017	0.043	37
	<i>Aidia cochinchinensis</i> Lour. Fl. Cochinch.	3.21 \pm 2.59	4.0 \pm 2.12	0.039	0.160	30
	<i>Ficus erecta</i> Thunb. var. <i>beeheyana</i> (Hook. et Arn.)	2.42 \pm 1.91	2.89 \pm 1.02	0.024	0.069	33
	<i>Chassalia curviflora</i> Thwaites	1.52 \pm 0.69	2.35 \pm 0.50	0.009	0.021	45
	<i>Schefflera octophylla</i> (Lour.) Harms	4.20 \pm 3.32	5.11 \pm 3.14	0.075	0.370	34
	<i>Macaranga denticulata</i> (Bl.) Muell. Arg.	9.42 \pm 6.47	7.84 \pm 4.02	0.428	2.410	42
Other species	4.17 \pm 4.75	4.55 \pm 3.35	1.045	5.710	332	
TF	<i>Ficus hirta</i> Vahl	2.34 \pm 4.60	3.91 \pm 1.91	0.055	0.210	93
	<i>Ficus hispida</i>	2.85 \pm 4.37	3.96 \pm 1.84	0.142	0.501	160
	<i>Wendlandia uvariifolia</i> Hance	4.85 \pm 2.98	6.50 \pm 2.94	1.050	5.197	412
	<i>Castanopsis hystrix</i> Miq.	4.79 \pm 4.17	6.31 \pm 3.54	0.144	0.889	46
	<i>Viburnum farreri</i> W. T. Stearn	1.90 \pm 0.61	3.74 \pm 1.10	0.011	0.033	37
	<i>Machilus chinensis</i> (Champ. ex Benth.) Hemsl.	6.14 \pm 3.44	7.95 \pm 3.95	0.135	0.753	35
	<i>Litsea variabilis</i> Hemsl.	5.36 \pm 2.95	6.70 \pm 3.19	0.143	0.690	49
	<i>Psychotria rubra</i> (Lour.) Poir.	2.13 \pm 1.01	2.84 \pm 1.03	0.042	0.110	98
	<i>Diospyros morrisiana</i> Hance	8.98 \pm 4.60	9.59 \pm 4.49	0.246	1.553	31
	<i>Mytilaria laosensis</i> Lec.	10.17 \pm 4.87	11.15 \pm 4.13	1.288	8.570	129
<i>Evodia leptota</i> (Spreng.) Merr.	4.08 \pm 3.44	5.10 \pm 2.88	0.645	3.271	289	
<i>Cunninghamia lanceolata</i> (Lamb.) Hook.	21.29 \pm 5.87	21.5	25.00	260.6	654	

Li Y, Xu J, Wang H, Nong Y, Sun G, Yu S, Liao L, Ye S (2021).

Long-term effects of thinning and mixing on the spatial structure of Chinese fir plantations

iForest – Biogeosciences and Forestry – doi: [10.3832/ifor3489-014](https://doi.org/10.3832/ifor3489-014)

Stand	Species	Mean DBH ± SD (cm)	h ± (m)	Basal area (m²)	V (m³)	N
	<i>Saurauia tristyla</i> DC.	5.25 ± 3.43	5.06 ± 2.57	0.788	3.330	255
	<i>Oreocnide obovata</i> (C. H. Wright) Merr. var. <i>mucronata</i> C. J. Chen	1.57 ± 0.53	2.69 ± 0.80	0.061	0.145	276
	<i>Litsea panamonja</i> (Nees) Hook.	5.38 ± 4.12	6.46 ± 4.01	0.154	0.872	43
	<i>Schefflera octophylla</i> (Lour.) Harms	5.77 ± 4.41	7.13 ± 4.73	0.139	0.890	34
	<i>Macaranga denticulata</i> (Bl.) Muell. Arg.	10.59 ± 5.03	10.38 ± 3.90	0.375	2.344	35
	Other species	4.54 ± 4.96	5.64 ± 4.00	1.450	12.06	408