

## Supplementary Material

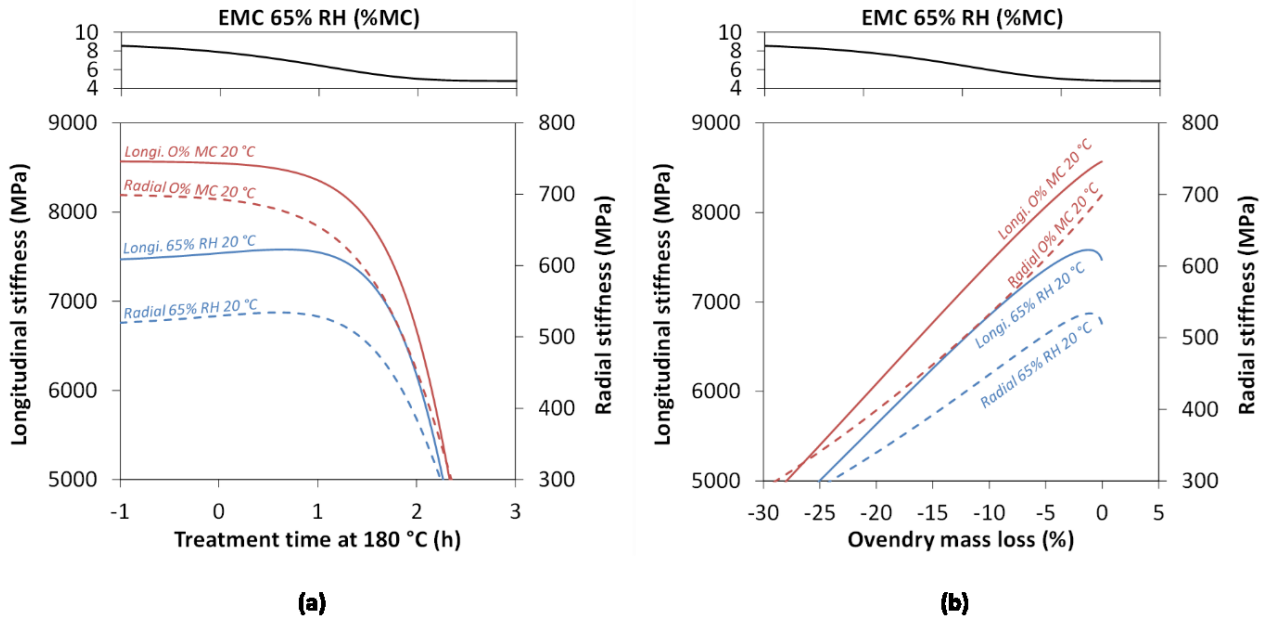
**Tab. S1** - Settings of the modelling performed in correspondence to Goli et al. (2014). Model improved with the addition of the pre-exponential ratio effect, to determine the master curves and the different kinetics of all studied properties. All the properties are given at the oven-dry state out of the hydric properties.

	Comments	Properties	Master curves: $X(t) =$	$X^0$	$X^1$	$X^2$	$\tau_1$ (h)	$\tau_2$ (h)	$p_1$	$p_2$	$E_{a1}$ (kJ.mol <sup>-1</sup> )
<b>Colour</b>	CIE-L*a*b* (D65 light at 10 °)	$L^*_{od}$	$X^0 + X^1 \cdot \exp((-t/\tau_1)^{p_1})$	39.0	45	/	15	/	0.65	/	118
		$a^*_{od}$	$X^0 - X^1 \cdot \exp((-t/\tau_1)^{p_1}) + X^2 \cdot \exp((-t/\tau_2)^{p_2})$	9.20	9.50	5	10	40	0.80	2.00	100
		$b^*_{od}$	$X^0 - X^1 \cdot \exp((-t/\tau_1)^{p_1}) + X^2 \cdot \exp((-t/\tau_2)^{p_2})$	16	18	21	10	35	1.20	1.20	100
		$\Delta E^*_{ab}$	$X^0 + X^1 \cdot \exp((-t/\tau_1)^{p_1})$	0	45	/	12	/	0.70	/	110
<b>Physical</b>	Dimensional changes and mass modification of the samples	$RadRed_{od}$ (%)	$X^0 + X^1 \cdot \exp((-t/\tau_1)^{p_1})$	0	100	/	5000	/	1.00	/	107
		$TangRed_{od}$ (%)	$X^0 + X^1 \cdot \exp((-t/\tau_1)^{p_1})$	0	100	/	2500	/	1.00	/	107
		$LongRed_{od}$ (%)	$X^0$	0	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
		$VolRed_{od}$ (%)	$X^0 + X^1 \cdot \exp((-t/\tau_1)^{p_1})$	0	100	/	2300	/	0.90	/	107
		$MassLoss_{od}$ (%)	$X^0 + X^1 \cdot \exp((-t/\tau_1)^{p_1})$	0	100	/	800	/	0.85	/	107
		$DensLoss_{od}$ (%)	$X^0 + X^1 \cdot \exp((-t/\tau_1)^{p_1})$	0	100	/	1400	/	0.80	/	107
<b>Hydric</b>	Moisture content	$EMC_{35}$ (%)	$X^0 + X^1 \cdot \exp((-t/\tau_1)^{p_1})$	2.6	2.5	/	12	/	0.50	/	135
		$EMC_{52}$ (%)	$X^0 + X^1 \cdot \exp((-t/\tau_1)^{p_1})$	4.3	3.5	/	12	/	0.50	/	135
		$EMC_{63}$ (%)	$X^0 + X^1 \cdot \exp((-t/\tau_1)^{p_1})$	4.8	4.1	/	12	/	0.50	/	135
		$EMC_{85}$ (%)	$X^0 + X^1 \cdot \exp((-t/\tau_1)^{p_1})$	7.2	6.2	/	12	/	0.50	/	135
	Swelling/shrinkage ( $\beta^S$ being constant)	$\beta_{R_{0-85}}$ (%/%MC)	$X^0 + X^1 \cdot \exp((-t/\tau_1)^{p_1})$	0.88	0.57	/	8	/	0.6	/	135
		$\beta_{T_{0-85}}$ (%/%MC)	$X^0 + X^1 \cdot \exp((-t/\tau_1)^{p_1})$	1.65	1.40	/	8	/	0.7	/	135
		$\beta_{L_{0-85}}$ (%/%MC)	$X^0$	0.25	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	Sorption curve (GAB model)	$w_m$	$X^0 + X^1 \cdot \exp((-t/\tau_1)^{p_1})$	2.80	2.50	/	15	/	0.55	/	117
		$C$	$X^0$	11	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
		$K$	$X^0$	0.74	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

**Tab. S1** - (continued).

	Comments	Properties	Master curves: $X(t) =$	$X^0$	$X^1$	$X^2$	$\tau_1$ (h)	$\tau_2$ (h)	$p_1$	$p_2$	$E_{a1}$ (kJ.mol <sup>-1</sup> )
<b>Mechanical</b>	Longitudinal (3 points bending)	$MOE_{L_{od}}$ (MPa)	$X^0 + X^1 \cdot \exp((-t/\tau_1)^{p_1})$	0	8570	/	400	/	1.00	/	113
		$MOR_{L_{od}}$ (MPa)	$X^0 + X^1 \cdot \exp((-t/\tau_1)^{p_1})$	0	94	/	110	/	0.80	/	100
		$sMOE_{L_{od}}$ (GPa.g.cm <sup>-3</sup> )	$X^0 + X^1 \cdot \exp((-t/\tau_1)^{p_1})$	0	27.60	/	676	/	0.85	/	113
		$sMOR_{L_{od}}$ (GPa.g.cm <sup>-3</sup> )	$X^0 + X^1 \cdot \exp((-t/\tau_1)^{p_1})$	0	0.29	/	145	/	0.67	/	100
		$\varepsilon_{max\_L_{od}}$ (%)	$X^0 + X^1 \cdot \exp((-t/\tau_1)^{p_1})$	0	149	/	120	/	0.40	/	103
		$W_{L_{od}}$ (J)	$X^0 + X^1 \cdot \exp((-t/\tau_1)^{p_1})$	0	160	/	20	/	0.50	/	103
		Radial (3 points bending)	$MOE_{R_{od}}$ (MPa)	$X^0 + X^1 \cdot \exp((-t/\tau_1)^{p_1})$	0	700	/	276	/	0.82	/
	$MOR_{R_{od}}$ (MPa)		$X^0 + X^1 \cdot \exp((-t/\tau_1)^{p_1})$	0	10.80	/	150	/	0.70	/	100
	$sMOE_{R_{od}}$ (GPa.g.cm <sup>-3</sup> )		$X^0 + X^1 \cdot \exp((-t/\tau_1)^{p_1})$	0	2.20	/	314	/	1.34	/	113
	$sMOR_{R_{od}}$ (GPa.g.cm <sup>-3</sup> )		$X^0 + X^1 \cdot \exp((-t/\tau_1)^{p_1})$	0	0.035	/	221	/	0.65	/	100
	$\varepsilon_{max\_R_{od}}$ (%)		$X^0 + X^1 \cdot \exp((-t/\tau_1)^{p_1})$	0	2.1	/	300	/	0.60	/	103
	$W_{R_{od}}$ (J)		$X^0 + X^1 \cdot \exp((-t/\tau_1)^p)$	0	6.4	/	35	/	0.80	/	103

**Fig. S1** - Effect of the moisture content reduction on the apparent stiffness at normal conditions (65% RH and 20 °C) compared to the oven dry state stiffness (0% MC) based on the identified kinetic model evolutions over heat treatment time at 180 °C related to (a) treatment time in hours and (b) mass loss in percentage.



**Fig. S2** - Dependencies of the different studied properties to the mass loss.

