

Supplementary Material

Fig. S1 - Phenylpropanoid pathway. R2R3-MYB transcription factors affect expression of phenylalanine ammonia lyase (*PAL*) gene. 4-coumarate:CoA ligase (4CL) ligates coenzyme A to simple phenolic acids, who can conjugate with PAs and form HCCAs. Stilbenes are formed by pinosylvin synthase (*psSTS*). Pinosylvin methyl transferase (PMT) forms pinosylvin monomethyl ether. The names of the molecules and genes indicated in black were investigated.

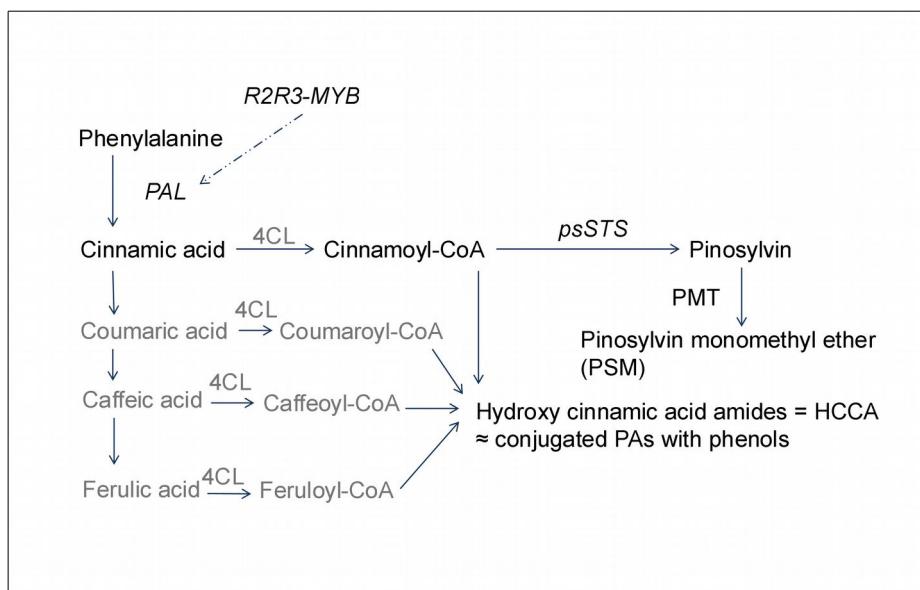
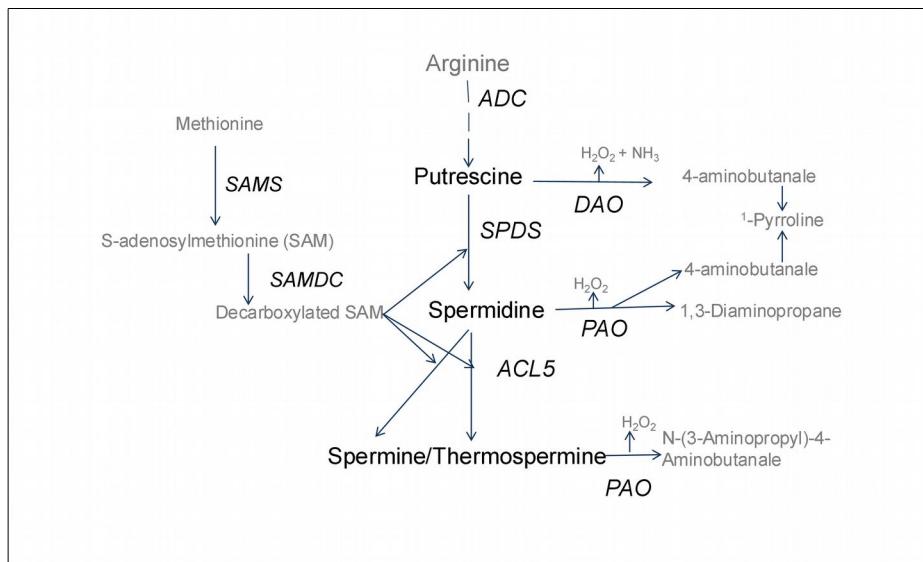


Fig. S2 - PA metabolism pathway in Scots pine. [ADC=arginine decarboxylase, SPDS= spermidine synthase, ACL5= thermospermine synthase, SAMS=S-adenosyl methionine, SAMDC=s-adenosyl methionine decarboxylase, DAO=diamino oxidase, PAO=polyamine oxidase, H₂O₂=hydrogen peroxide, NH₃=ammonia]. The names of the molecules and genes indicated in black were investigated.



Tab. S1 - PCR primers for the real-time PCR amplification of the Scots pine polyamine metabolism (*ADC*, *SPDS*, *ACL5*, *DAO*, *PAO* and *SAMDC*), stress (*SAMS*, *LEA*, *CAT*, *ICE1*), phenylpropanoid synthesis (*R2R3-MYB*, *PAL* and *psSTS*) and reference genes (*UBQ* and *TUBA*) in Scots pine and the Gene Bank accession number of the sequences where the primers are based.

Gene	Forward primer	Reverse primer	GenBank Accession number
<i>ADC</i>	5'-AGTCCTGTGGCCTGTAATC-3'	5'-TGCACAGACACAACGTCAAA-3'	HM236823
<i>SPDS</i>	5'-CCAACGTCCCATTAAACCTA-3'	5'-TGGCAAACAAAATGATGCTG-3'	HM236827
<i>ACL5</i>	5'-ACTGCTCACATTCCGTCC-3'	5'-TTCGCCTTGATTCTCTGCT-3'	HM236828
<i>DAO</i>	5'-AATGGGGAAGTTGGGAGTTC-3'	5'-CCCTCCTCAGTTTCCAGTG-3'	HM236829
<i>PAO</i>	5'-CGAAATTGCAGAACCTCCAC-3'	5'-CGGCCACGAACACTCATCT-3'	HM236830
<i>SAMDC</i>	5'-GCTTCGGCGAGGAAATATCTTA-3'	5'-TGTTGCGGTCCAGTTG-3'	HM236826
<i>SAMS</i>	5'-ACTGCAAAGTGCTGGTT-3'	5'-ATGGGTCA GTGGCATAAG-3'	JQ970126
<i>LEA</i>	5'-ACCCTCGCAGAGGTTACAGACA-3'	5'-TTGGCCTTCACTGACCCAGGA-3'	FJ201571
<i>CAT</i>	5'-GGGAGGCAAACCTATGTGAA-3'	5'-TTGGTTGCATGACTGTGGTT-3'	EU513163
<i>ICE1</i>	5'-TTA GCT TGC TCT GCC CGA AA-3'	5'-TCA CTT CCC AGT CCC AAT GC-3'	DR384895.1
<i>R2R3-MYB8</i>	5'-CTT CCT GGA AAG ATT TAA TAG TGT-3'	5'-GGA GCC TGC AAT ACC CAT A-3'	DQ399057
<i>PAL</i>	5'-GAGGGAAATTCCAGGGCACA-3'	5'-GATCTGGCCCCCTTCAGTC-3'	AF353986.1
<i>psSTS</i>	5'-ATGTTCCGTACTCGCTCATAAC-3'	5'-ACAAGTTCAAGCGAATATGTGAA-3'	S50350.1
<i>UBQ</i>	5'-GAAGGAGCAGTGGAGTCCTG-3'	5'-CAATTCAGGGACGAGAGGA-3'	AF461687
<i>TUBA</i>	5'-TGGCCGCATCTCCTTGCCG-3'	5'-GATGGCCAGATGCCAGCGA-3'	FN546172

Fig. S3 - Alignment of the predicted amino acid sequence of the *Pinus sylvestris* putative CBF (C-repeat binding factor) 1 inducer protein (ICE1) with *Citrus sinensis* (XP_006485105.1), *Arabidopsis lyrata* (NP_189309.2), *Amborella trichopoda* (XP_006844542.1), *Theobroma cacao* (XP_007038116.1) and *Phalaenopsis aphrodite* (AIE56161.1). Identical and similar amino acids are highlighted in black and grey, respectively.

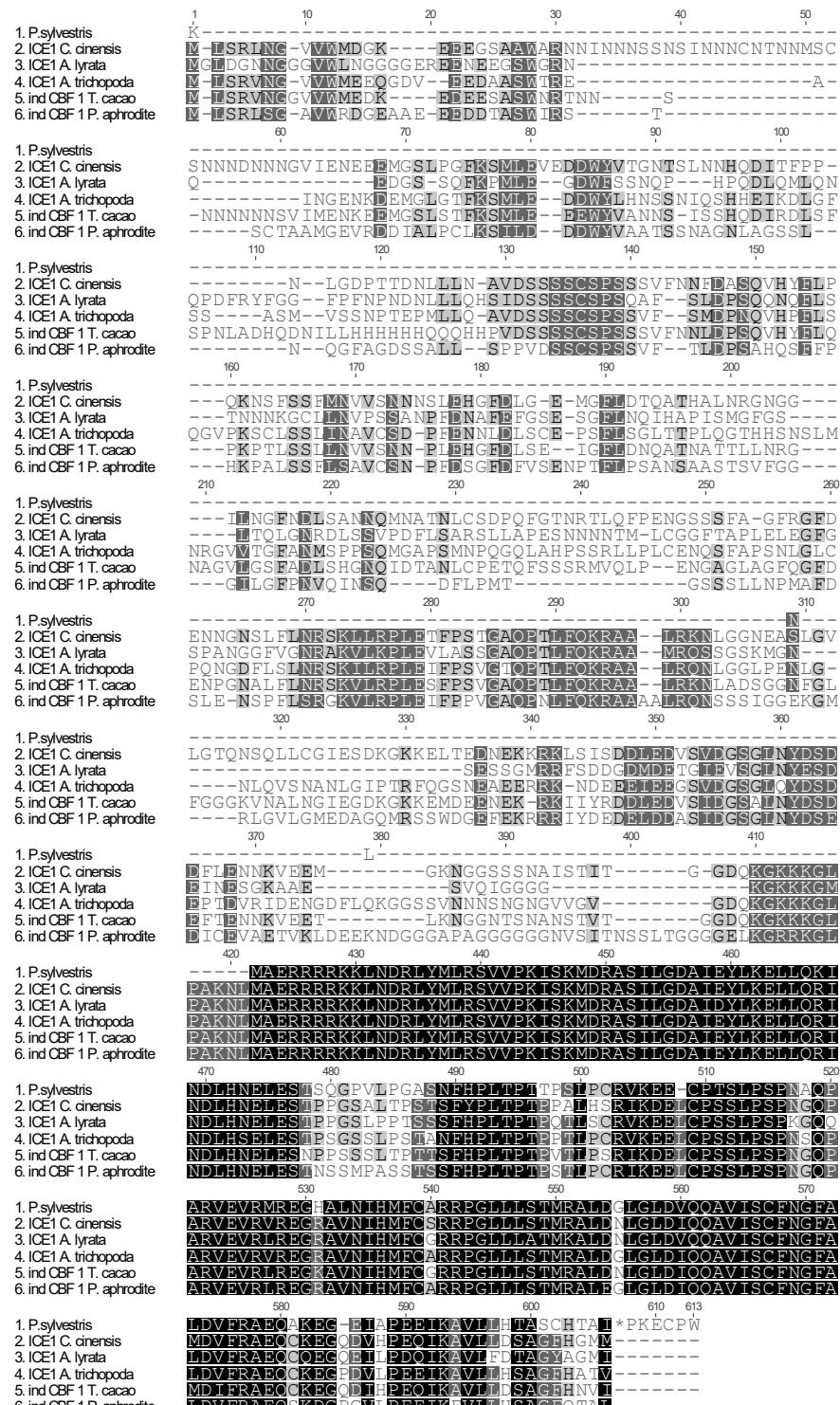


Fig. S4 - Alignment of the predicted amino acid sequence of the *Pinus sylvestris* putative phenylpropanoid synthesis related transcription factor (R2R3-MYB8) with *Pinus taeda* (ABD60280.1), *Pinus pinaster* (CBM40481.1) and *Picea glauca* (ABQ51224.1). Identical and similar amino acids are highlighted in black and grey, respectively.

